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DATE MAILED: 12/17/2004

APPLICATION NO	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/758,970		01/09/2001	Ronnie M. Harrison	500395.02	9636
27076	7590	12/17/2004		EXAM	INER
DORSEY	& WHITI	NEY LLP	NGUYEN, HAI L		
INTELLEC	CTUAL PR	OPERTY DEPART	MENT		
SUITE 340	SUITE 3400				PAPER NUMBER
1420 FIFT	H AVENU	Е	2816		
SEATTLE,	WA 981	01		D. T. N. I.	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/758,970	HARRISON, RONNIE M.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Hai L. Nguyen	2816			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wit	th the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re- reply within the statutory minimum of thirty od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON- tute, cause the application to become ABA	eply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  FHS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02	? April 2004.				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ T	his action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims		V.			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>57-90</u> is/are pending in the applica	tion				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd					
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>84-87 and 90</u> is/are allowed.	nawn nom consideration.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>57-72,76-83,88 and 89</u> is/are reject	ted				
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>73-75</u> is/are objected to.	accu.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement				
	· ·				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami	iner.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>09 January 2001</u> is/a	ire: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ ot	pjected to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	he drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	ection is required if the drawing(	s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority docume</li> </ol>	ents have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received in Ap	oplication No			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr	riority documents have been	received in this National Stage			
application from the International Bure	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ist of the certified copies not i	received.			
Attachment(s)	_				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date			
2) Notice of Dransperson's Patent Drawing Review (P10-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/O Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/50/01, 8/02/01, 9/1/2		formal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
S. Patent and Trademark Office 7/30/02 340/04/02, S TOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office	11103,8/05/03.11/241	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20041129			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Objections

1. Claim 73 is objected to because of the following informalities: in the last line, ";" should be changed to --.-. Appropriate correction is required.

2. Claim 78 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. Apparatus claim 78 cannot further define a method for providing a plurality of clock signals that have predetermined phases relative to a master clock signal in claim 77.

### Specification

- The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: above line 5,This application (claims priority to) is a continuation of serial No. 08/879,847 filed on
- June 20, 1997; now US Patent 6,173,432. -- should be inserted.

Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly

claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

5. Claims 58-60, 76, 78, 80, 81, 88, and 89 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the

subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 58 is indefinite because the limitation "the reference clock signal is locked to the same phase as the master clock signal" is unclear. Insofar as understood, the recited limitation "A method of generating a sequence of clock signals", in base claim 57, refers to 200 in Fig. 3. Therefore, it is not clear how the above recited limitation reads on the preferred embodiment. Furthermore, the recited limitations "a first of the plurality of clock signals has the same phase as the master clock signal, a second of the plurality of "generating a first signal during the period that the phase of the master clock signal lags the phase of the one of the clock signals in the sequence; generating a second signal during the period that the phase of the master clock signal leads the phase of the one of the clock signals in the sequence; and generating as the control signal a voltage that increases toward one polarity responsive to the first signal and toward the opposite polarity responsive to the second signal" in claim 76; "producing the first/second control signal comprises: generating an enable signal during the period that the phase of the master clock signal lags the phase of the reference signal; and generating as the first control signal a voltage that increases toward one polarity responsive to the enable signal and toward the opposite polarity responsive to the absence of the enable signal" in claims 80, 81, 88, and 89; have similar problems.

Claim 78 recites the following limitations: "the first and second locked loops "in line 1; "the first signal generator "in line 2; and "the second signal generator "in line 4.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claim.

Claims 59-60 are rendered indefinite by the deficiencies of base claim 58.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

6. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

7. Claim 78 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101, as being directed to neither an "apparatus" nor a "method", but rather embraces or overlaps two different statutory classes of invention set forth in 35 U.S.C. 101.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant-for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

9. Claims 57-72, 77, 79, 82, and 83, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Miller et al. (US Pat. 5,712,883).

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With regard to claim 57, Miller et al. discloses in Figs. 1-3 an inherent method of generating a sequence of clock signals, comprising a step of delay locking a reference clock signal (18(2)) to a master clock signal (18(1)) so that the reference clock signal has a predetermined phase relative to the phase of the master clock signal; and a step of delay locking a plurality of clock signals to the reference clock signal so that the plurality of clock signals (CLK(K) through CLK(K+1)) have respective phases relative to the phase of the reference clock signal.

With regard to claims 58-60, the reference also meets the recited limitations in these claims (see Fig. 3).

With regard to claim 61, Miller et al. discloses in Figs. 1-3 an inherent method of generating a sequence of clock signals from a master clock signal (18(1)), comprising a step of generating the sequence of clock signals (CLK(K) through CLK(K+1)) each of which has a respective phase that increases from a first clock signal (CLK(K)) to a last clock signal (CLK(K+1)) in the sequence; a step of delay locking the first clock signal and last clock signals to each other so that they have a predetermined phase with respect to each other; a step of delay locking one of the clock signals to the master clock signal so that each of the clock signals in the sequence have respective phases with respect to the master clock signal.

With regard to claims 62-65, the reference also meets the recited limitations in these claims (see Fig. 3).

With regard to claim 66, Miller et al. discloses in Figs. 1-3 an inherent method of generating a sequence of clock signals, comprising a step of generating the sequence of clock signals (CLK(K) through CLK(K+1)) which are increasingly delayed from a first

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clock signal to a last clock signal, two of the clock signals in the sequence being delay locked to each other so that they have a predetermined phase with respect to each other; and a step of delay locking one of the clock signals to a master clock signal (18(1)) so that the clock signals in the sequence have respective phases with respect to the master clock signal.

With regard to claims 67-72, the reference also meets the recited limitations in these claims (see Fig. 3).

With regard to claim 77, Miller et al. discloses in Figs. 1-3 an inherent method for providing a plurality of clock signals (CLK(K) through CLK(K+1)) that have predetermined phases relative to a master clock signal (18(1)), the method comprising the step of producing a reference clock signal (18A(2)), having a phase relative to the master clock signal that is a function of a first control signal (VPLL); the step of generating the first control signal as a function of the difference in phase between the master clock signal and the reference clock signal; the step of producing the plurality of clock signals having respective phases relative to the reference clock signal that are a function of a second control signal (VPLL); and the step of generating the second control signal as a function of the difference in phase between the reference clock signal and one of the plurality of clock signals.

With regard to claims 79, 82, and 83, the reference also meets the recited limitations in these claims (see Figs. 3-5).

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### Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 73-75 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The prior art of record fails to disclose or fairly suggest a method of generating a sequence of clock signals (264a through 264n in instant Fig. 3) comprising the specific steps, as recited in claim 73, such as the step of receiving a reference clock signal (256); generating the sequence of clock signals from the reference clock signal by the step of delaying the reference clock signal by respective delays (260) that are a function of a control signal (270); and the step of comparing (330) the phase of two of the clock signals (264a, 264n) in the sequence and the step of generating (272) the control signal as a function of the difference therebetween; and being configured in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The prior art of record fails to disclose or fairly suggest a method of generating a sequence of clock signals (264a through 264n in instant Fig. 3) comprising the specific steps, as recited in claim 75, such as the step of delay locking (252, 254, 260, 290, 292) one of the clock signals to a master clock signal comprises the step of receiving the master clock signal (A); the step of generating (252) a reference clock signal (256) having a delay relative to the master clock signal that is a function of a control signal (258), and the step of comparing (330) the phase of the master clock signal to the phase of one (264n) of the clock signals in the sequence and the step of generating the control signal as a function of the difference therebetween; and being configured in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

11. Claims 84-87 and 90 are allowed.

The prior art of record fails to disclose or fairly suggest a method of generating a sequence of clock signals that have predetermined phases relative to a master clock signal, as recited in claim 84, comprising the specific steps such as the step of generating a reference clock signal (256 in instant Fig. 3) having a delay relative to the master clock signal (42) that is a function of a first control signal (258); generating the sequence of clock signals (264a through 264n) each of which has a delay relative to an adjacent clock signal in the sequence that is a function of a second control signal (270); comparing (272) the phase of two of the plurality of clock signals (264a, 264n) and generating the second control signal as a function of the difference therebetween; and being configured in combination with the rest of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

- 12. Regarding claims 58-60, 76, 80, 81, 88, and 89, the patentability thereof cannot be determined because of their indefiniteness.
- 13. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. For example, Leung et al. (US Pat. 5,485,490) is cited as of interest because it discloses a method and circuitry for clock synchronization circuit.
- 14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hai L. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-1747 and Right Fax number is 571-273-1747. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy Callahan can be reached on 571-272-1740. The official fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-1562.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).